

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

In accordance with 1907/2006 annex II 2015/830 and 1272/2008  
(All references to EU regulations and directives are abbreviated into only the numeric term)  
Issued 2021-08-16  
Version number 1.0



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name	Immobilized PNGase F
Article number	G1-PF6-002, G1-PF6-010, G1-PF6-020

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Deglycosylation reagent
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### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	Genovis AB Box 790 22007 LUND Sweden
Telephone	+46 (0)46 10 12 30
E-mail	info@genovis.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Acute cases: Call 112, request poison information.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3, H226  
(See section 16)

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
Precautionary statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P501	Dispose of contents and container to authorised waste disposal facility

### 2.3. Other hazards

Not indicated.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

Note that the table shows known hazards of the ingredients in pure form. These hazards are reduced or eliminated when mixed or diluted, see Section 16d.

Constituent	Classification	Concentration
<b>ETHANOL</b>		
CAS No: 64-17-5 EC No: 200-578-6 Index No: 603-002-00-5 REACH: 01-2119457610-43	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	15 %

Explanations to the classification and labelling of the ingredients are given in Section 16e. Official abbreviations are printed in normal font. Text in italics are specifications and/or complements used in the calculation of the classification of this mixture, see Section 16b.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Generally

In case of concern, or if symptoms occur, call a doctor/physician.

#### Upon breathing in

Fresh air and rest. If symptoms persist seek medical advice.

#### Upon eye contact

Rinse the eye for several minutes with lukewarm water. If irritation persists call a doctor.

#### Upon skin contact

Wash the skin with soap and water.

#### Upon ingestion

Rinse nose, mouth and throat with water.

Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Upon eye contact

Transient eye irritation.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Recommended extinguishing agents

Extinguish with water mist, powder, carbon dioxide or alcoholresistant foam.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing agents

May not be extinguished with water dispersed under high pressure.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Emits flammable vapours which may form an explosive mixture with air.

Produces fumes containing harmful gases (carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) when burning, and, in case of incomplete combustion, aldehydes and other toxic, harmful, irritant or environmentally harmful substances.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Protective measures should be taken regarding other material at the site of the fire.

In case of fire use proper breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective clothing.

Cool closed containers that were exposed to fire with water.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Note the risk of ignition.

Switch off equipment which has an exposed flame, glows, or has a heat source of some other kind.

Switch off power at the main switch. Do not use the power switch in the room where the spillage has occurred.

Note, risk for formation of sparks due to static electricity. Do not remove clothing in a room where spillage has occurred.

Evacuate the accident area and call an ambulance, if relevant.

Keep unauthorized and unprotected people at a safe distance.

Do not inhale vapours and avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes when cleaning up the spillage.

Ensure good ventilation.

Use recommended safety equipment, see section 8.

Use breathing apparatus when oxygen levels are low or unknown.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to drains, soil or watercourses.

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and pits, or any place where gas accumulation could be dangerous.

Notify rescue services for larger spillage.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do NOT use tools emitting sparks when cleaning.

Absorb the liquid with an inert absorbent, vermiculite, for example. Collect the material for disposal at a waste disposal facility.

Residues left behind after cleaning shall be treated as hazardous waste. For further information, contact the local authority sanitisation works. Present this safety data sheet.

Ensure good ventilation after sanitation.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 and 13 for personal protection equipment and disposal considerations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Take the necessary preventive and protective measures for safe handling.

Open fire, hot items, sparks or other ignition sources must not be present in the environment used for handling this product.

Do not inhale the fumes and avoid exposure to skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not eat, drink or smoke in premises where this product is handled.

Store this product separately from food items and keep it out of the reach of children and pets.

Wash your hands after using the product.

Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Use recommended safety equipment, see section 8.

Implement appropriate engineering controls if necessary, see Section 8.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Take the necessary preventive and protective measures for safe storage.

Keep out of reach for children.

Store separately from food and animal fodder, incl. utensils or surfaces which have been in contact with these things.

Always use sealed and visibly labeled packages.

Store tightly, in original packaging.

Store as flammable liquid.

Store in dry and cool area.

Store in a well-ventilated space.

Do not store close to incompatible materials (see section 10.5).

### 7.3. Specific end uses

See identified uses in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1. National limit values

##### ETHANOL

United Kingdom (EH40/2005)

Time-weighted-average exposure limit (TWA) 1000 ppm / 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

##### DNEL

##### ETHANOL

	Type of exposure	Route of exposure	Value
Worker	Acute Local	Inhalation	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Chronic Systemic	Inhalation	114 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Chronic Systemic	Dermal	343 mg/kg bw/d
Worker	Chronic Systemic	Inhalation	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Acute Local	Inhalation	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Acute Local	Dermal	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Chronic Systemic	Oral	87 mg/kg
Consumer	Chronic Systemic	Dermal	206 mg/kg bw/d

##### PNEC

##### ETHANOL

Environmental protection target	PNEC value
Fresh water	0.96 mg/l
Freshwater sediments	3.6 mg/kg
Marine water	0.79 mg/l
Marine sediments	2.9 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	580 mg/l
Soil (agricultural)	0.63 mg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

The risks posed by the product or its constituents must be considered in the task specific risk assessment, in accordance with current working environment legislation. The risk assessment should be reviewed regularly and updated if necessary.

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

The ventilation in the workplace must ensure an air quality that meets the requirements of the current working environment legislation. Local exhaust ventilation should be used to remove airborne contaminants at the source. Emergency showers and eye-rinsing facilities must be available at the workplace.

#### Eye/face protection

Eye protection should be worn if there is any danger of direct exposure or splashing.

## Skin protection

Use suitable protective clothing.

Wear protective gloves (EN 374) upon repeated or prolonged exposure.

During continuous contact use gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of at least 240 minutes, preferably over 480 minutes.

The most suitable protective glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier, taking into account the risk assessment for the specific task and the properties of the chemicals involved. Note that the breakthrough time of the material is affected by the duration of the exposure, temperature conditions, abrasion, etcetera.

Based on the chemical properties of the product, the following glove materials are recommended (EN 374):.

- Butyl rubber.
- Neoprene rubber.
- Nitrile rubber.

## Respiratory protection

Use appropriate respiratory protective equipment in case of insufficient ventilation.

The most appropriate respiratory protective equipment should be decided in consultation with the appointed safety representative, taking into account the risk assessment for the specific task.

Based on the physical and chemical properties of the product, the following filter type(s) and/or filter combination(s) are recommended:.

- A.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

No specific measures needed.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance	Form: suspension and liquid.
b) Odour	Not indicated
c) Odour threshold	Not indicated
d) pH	Not indicated
e) Melting point/freezing point	Not indicated
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not indicated
g) Flash point	>23 °C
h) Evaporation rate	Not indicated
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not indicated
k) Vapour pressure	Not indicated
l) Vapour density	Not indicated
m) Relative density	Not indicated
n) Solubility	Not indicated
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable
p) Auto-ignition temperature	Not indicated
q) Decomposition temperature	Not indicated
r) Viscosity	Not indicated
s) Explosive properties	Not applicable
t) Oxidising properties	Not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

No data available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Vapour can create explosive mixtures with air.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal storage and handling conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May emit volatile, flammable vapours. Avoid handling close to heat or ignition sources.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks and open flames.  
Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with oxidizers.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None under normal conditions.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Not indicated.

#### Acute toxicity

The product is not classified as acutely toxic.

#### ETHANOL

LD50 rabbit 24h: > 20000 mg/kg Dermal

LC50 rat 4h: 124.7 mg/L Inhalation

LD50 rat 24h: 6200 mg/kg Orally

ATE : 1394 mg/kg Orally

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

The product is not classified for skin corrosion/irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

The product is not classified as irritant to the eyes.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

The product is not classified as sensitising.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

The product is not classified as mutagen.

#### Carcinogenicity

The product is not classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

The product is not classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### STOT-single exposure

The product is not classified for specific organ toxicity after single exposure.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

The product is not classified for specific organ toxicity after repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration hazard

The product is not classified as being toxic for aspiration.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

The product is not to be labelled as an environmental hazard. However, it is not inconceivable that large emissions, or repeated small emissions, can have a harmful effect on the environment.

Prevent release on land, in water and drains.

### ETHANOL

LC50 Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) 96h: 13480 mg/L

LC50 fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) 96h: 13480 mg/L

LC50 Freshwater water flea (*Daphnia magna*) 48h: 5400 mg/L

EC50 Freshwater water flea (*Daphnia magna*) 48 h: 9268 mg/L

LC50 Ide (*Leuciscus idus*) 48h: 8140 mg/L

EC50 Freshwater water flea (*Daphnia magna*) 24h: 10800 mg/l

IC50 Algae 72h: > 10.9 mg/L

LC50 Common Bleak (*Alburnus alburnus*) 96h: 11000 mg/L

LC50 Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) 24h: 11200 mg/L

IC50 *Pseudomonas* (*Pseudomonas putida*) 16h: 6500 mg/L

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no information regarding persistence or degradability.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There is no information regarding bioaccumulation.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information about mobility in nature is not available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No known effects or hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Waste handling of the product

Discarded products must be disposed of as hazardous waste in accordance with regulations.

Avoid discharge into sewers.

Not completely emptied packaging can contain remnants of dangerous substances and should therefore be handled as hazardous waste according to the above. Completely emptied packaging can be recycled.

See directive 2008/98/EC on waste. Observe national or regional provisions on waste management.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

Where not otherwise stated the information applies to all of the UN Model Regulations, i.e. ADR (road), RID (railway), ADN (inland waterways), IMDG (sea), and ICAO (IATA) (air).

### 14.1. UN number

1170

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### Class

3: Flammable liquids

#### Classification code (ADR/RID)

F1: Flammable liquids having a flash-point of or below 60 °C

#### Subsidiary risk (IMDG)

No subsidiary risk according to IMDG

## Labels



### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### Tunnel restrictions

Tunnel category: D/E

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

### 14.8 Other transport information

Transport category: 3; Maximum total quantity per transport unit: 1000 kgs or litres (ADR 1.1.3.6)

Stowage category A (IMDG)

Emergency Schedule (EmS) for FIRE (IMDG) F-E

Emergency Schedule (EmS) for SPILLAGE (IMDG) S-D

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not indicated.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Assessment and chemical safety report in accordance with 1907/2006 Annex I has not yet been performed.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### 16a. Indication of where changes have been made to the previous version of the safety data sheet

#### Revisions of this document

This is the first version

### 16b. Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Full texts for Hazard Class and Category Code mentioned in section 3

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 2 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 3 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

#### Explanations of the abbreviations in Section 14

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID Regulations concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO, 999 University Street, Montreal, Quebec H3C 5H7, Canada)

IATA The International Air Transport Association

Tunnel restriction code: D/E; Transport by bulk or via tank: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E, Other transportation means: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E

Transport category: 3; Maximum total quantity per transport unit: 1000 kgs or litres (ADR 1.1.3.6)

### 16c. Key literature references and sources for data

#### Sources for data

Primary data for the calculation of the hazards has preferentially been taken from the official European classification list, 1272/2008 Annex I, as updated to 2021-08-16.

Where such data was not available, alternative documentation used to establish the official classification was used, e.g. IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database). As a second alternative, information was used from reputable international chemical industries, and as a third alternative other available information was used, e.g. material safety data sheets from other suppliers or information from non-profit associations, where reliability of the source was assessed by expert opinion. If, in spite of this, reliable information could not be sourced, the hazards were assessed by expert opinions based on the known hazards of similar substances, and according to the principles in 1907/2006 and 1272/2008.



### Full texts for Regulations mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet

- 1907/2006 REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC
- 2015/830 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
- 1272/2008 REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
- 2008/98/EC DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives

### 16d. Methods of evaluating information referred to in 1272/2008 Article 9 which was used for the purpose of classification

Hazard calculation for this mixture has been performed as a cumulative assessment with the aid of expert assessments in accordance with 1272/2008 Annex I , where all available information which may be significant to establishing the hazards of the mixture was assessed together, and in accordance with 1907/2006 Annex XI .

### 16e. List of relevant hazard statements and/or precautionary statements

#### Full texts for hazard statements mentioned in section 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

### 16f. Advice on any training appropriate for workers to ensure protection of human health and the environment

#### Warning for misuse

Not indicated.

#### Other relevant information

Not indicated

#### Editorial information



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